

CA 6536



Megohmmeter





Thank you for purchasing a megohmmeter CA 6536.

For best results from your instrument:

- read these operating instructions carefully,
- comply with the precautions for use.



WARNING, risk of DANGER! The operator must refer to these instructions whenever this danger symbol appears.



WARNING, risk of electric shock. The voltage applied to parts marked with this symbol may be hazardous.



Equipment protected by double insulation.



The voltage on the terminals must not exceed 700 V.





Remote control probe.



Information or useful tip.



Chauvin Arnoux has adopted an Eco-Design approach in order to design this appliance. Analysis of the complete lifecycle has enabled us to control and optimize the effects of the product on the environment. In particular this appliance exceeds regulation requirements with respect to recycling and reuse.

The product is declared recyclable following an analysis of the life cycle in accordance with standard ISO14040.



The CE marking indicates compliance with the European Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU), Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU), and Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive (RoHS, 2011/65/EU and 2015/863/EU).



The UKCA marking certifies that the product is compliant with the requirements that apply in the United Kingdom, in particular as regards Low-Voltage Safety, Electromagnetic Compatibility, and the Restriction of Hazardous Substances.



The rubbish bin with lines through it indicates that, in the European Union, the product must undergo selective disposal in compliance with Directive WEEE 2012/19/EU. This equipment must not be treated as household waste.

Definition of measurement categories

- Measurement category IV corresponds to measurements taken at the source of low-voltage installations. Example: power feeders, counters and protection devices.
- Measurement category III corresponds to measurements on building installations. Example: distribution panel, circuit-breakers, machines or fixed industrial devices
- Measurement category II corresponds to measurements taken on circuits directly connected to low-voltage installations. Example: power supply to electro-domestic devices and portable tools.

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PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

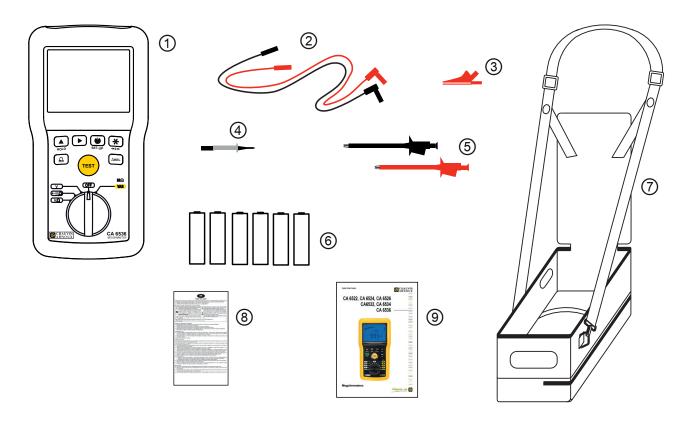
This instrument is compliant with safety standard IEC/EN 61010-2-034 and the leads are compliant with IEC/EN 61010-031, for voltages up to 600 V in category IV or 1,000 V in category III.

Failure to observe the safety instructions may result in electric shock, fire, explosion, and destruction of the instrument and of the installations.

- The operator and/or the responsible authority must carefully read and clearly understand the various precautions to be taken in use. Sound knowledge and a keen awareness of electrical hazards are essential when using this instrument.
- If you use this instrument other than as specified, the protection it provides may be compromised, thereby endangering you.
- The safety of any system in which this instrument might be incorporated is the responsibility of the integrator of the system.
- This instrument can be used on category IV installations, for voltages not exceeding 600 VRMs with respect to earth or 700 VRMs max between terminals.
- Do not use the instrument on networks of which the voltage or category exceeds those mentioned.
- Observe the environmental conditions of use.
- Except for voltage measurements, make no measurements on live devices.
- Do not use the instrument if it seems to be damaged, incomplete, or poorly closed.
- Before each use, check the condition of the insulation on the leads, housing, and accessories. Any item of which the insulation is deteriorated (even partially) must be set aside for repair or scrapping. There is a risk of electric shock if the instrument is used without its battery compartment cover.
- Before using your instrument, check that it is perfectly dry. If it is wet, it must be thoroughly dried before it can be connected or used.
- Use only the leads and accessories supplied. The use of leads (or accessories) of a lower voltage rating or category limits the use of the combined instrument + leads (or accessories) to the lowest category and service voltage.
- When handling the leads, test probes, and crocodile clips, keep your fingers behind the physical guard.
- Before removing of the battery compartment cover, make sure that the measurement leads (and accessories) are disconnected. Replace all of the batteries at once. Use alkaline batteries.
- Use personal protection equipment systematically.
- All troubleshooting and metrological checks must be done by competent, accredited personnel.

1. PRESENTATION

1.1. DELIVERY CONDITION



- (1) One CA 6536.
- Two straight/right-angle safety leads (red and black).
- (3) One red crocodile clip.
- One black test probe.
- Two wire grips (red and black).
- Six LR6 or AA batteries.
- (7) One carrying case, which also allows hands-free use.
- One multilingual safety data sheet.
- One multilingual getting started guide.

1.2. ACCESSORIES

Type 3 remote control probe Continuity pole Thermometer + K thermocouple, CA 861 Thermo-hygrometer CA 846

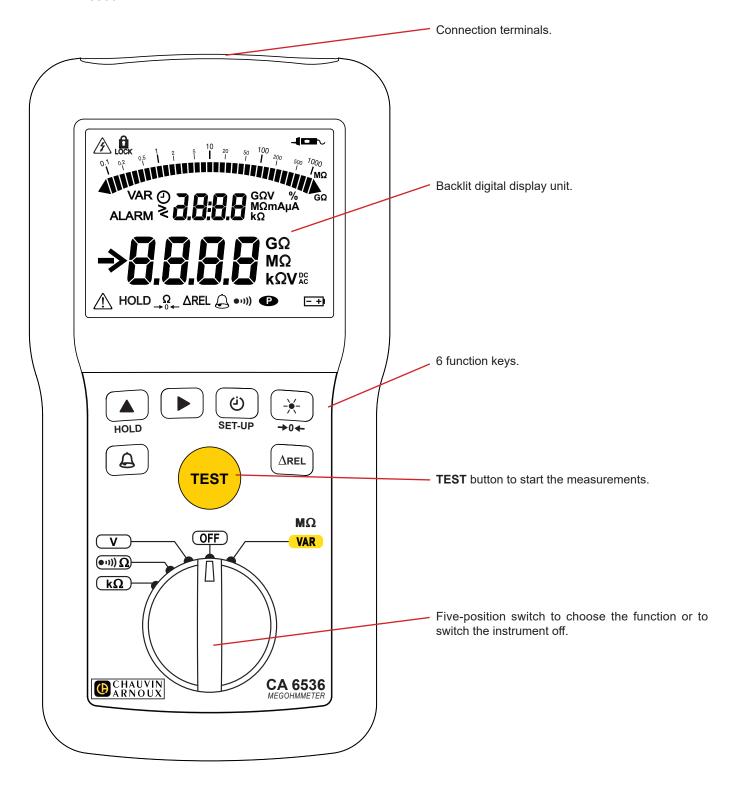
1.3. REPLACEMENT PARTS

2 straight/right-angle safety leads (red and black) 1.50 m long 2 crocodile clips (red and black) 2 test probes (red and black) 2 wire grips (red and black) Carrying case that also allows hands-free use

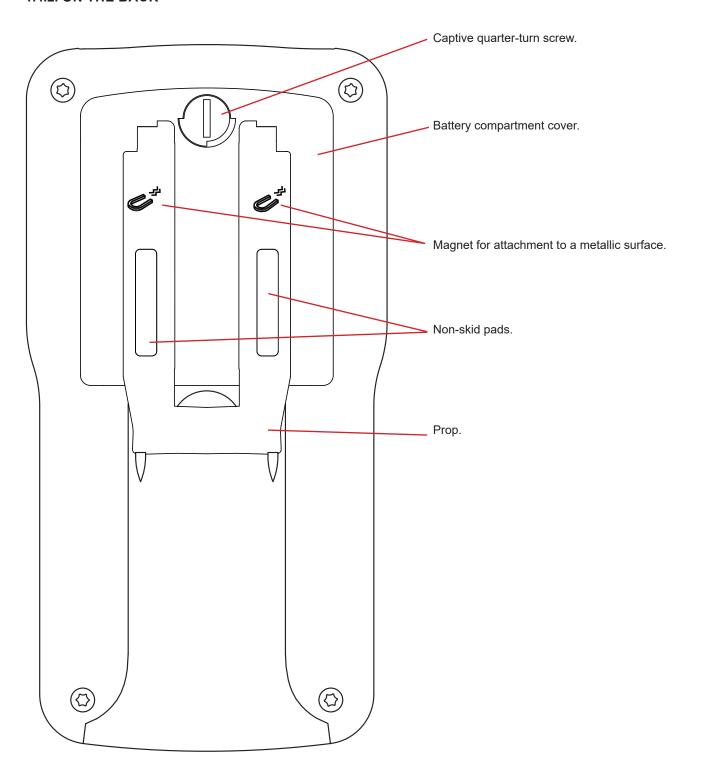
For accessories and spare parts, visit our website: www.chauvin-arnoux.com

1.4. PRESENTATION OF THE INSTRUMENT

1.4.1. CA 6536

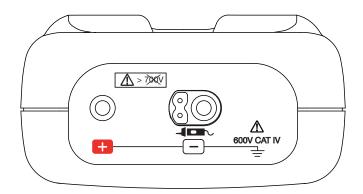


1.4.2. ON THE BACK



1.5. TERMINAL BLOCK

The terminal block has one + terminal and one - terminal that can be used to connect the remote control probe (optional accessory).



1.6. FUNCTIONS OF THE INSTRUMENT

The CA 6536 megohmmeter is a portable measuring instrument with digital display. It is powered by batteries.

	CA 6536
Test voltages for insulation measurements	from 10 V to 100 V in 1-V steps
Continuity measurement	✓
Resistance measurement	✓
Programmable alarms	✓

In continuity testing, the instrument is protected against external voltages without a fuse.

1.7. FUNCTION KEYS

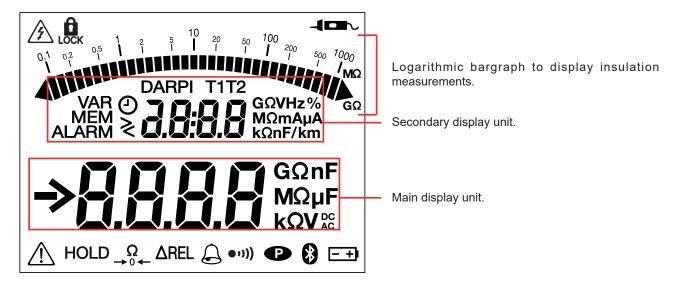
In general, the keys have a first function, marked on the key, obtained by a short press, and a second function, marked under the key, obtained by a long press.

Key	Function	
•	The TIMER key ① is used to select the Lock and ② functions.	
*	The ★ key is used to switch the display unit backlighting on and off.	
HOLD	The HOLD key is used to freeze, then unfreeze, the display of the measurement.	
SET-UP	The SET-UP key is used to access the parameters and information of the instrument.	
→ 0 ←	The →0← key is used to apply compensation for the resistance of the measurement leads in continuity testing.	
a	The ALARM key 🖨 is used to activate or deactivate the alarms.	
▲ et ►	The ▲ and ▶ keys serve: to modify the display and to program the durations of insulation measurements, to choose the continuity test current, and to program the alarm thresholds.	
ΔRel	The ΔRel key is used to display the measurement from which a stored reference measurement is subtracted.	

1.8. TEST BUTTON

The TEST button is used to make insulation measurements.

1.9. DISPLAY

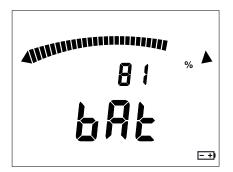


When the measured value is below the minimum, the instrument displays - - - - .

In voltage measurement, when the measurement exceeds the limit (either positive or negative), the instrument displays OL or -OL.

2.1. GENERAL

At start-up, the instrument indicates the remaining battery life



If the battery voltage is too low to ensure correct operation of the instrument, it so reports.



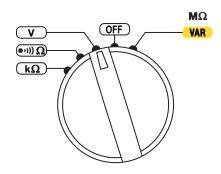
The batteries must then be replaced (see § 4.2)), since the battery life indication is no longer reliable.

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Except for the voltage measurement, all measurements are made on devices in the power-off condition. It is therefore necessary to check that there is no voltage on the device to be tested before making a measurement.

2.2. VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT

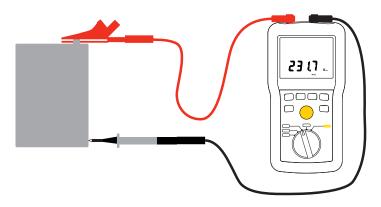
Set the switch to \mathbf{V} or to the $\mathbf{M}\Omega$ positions.





Start by making sure of the proper operation of the voltage measurement, by measuring a known voltage before each use. For example on a power outlet.

Then, using the leads, connect the device to be tested to the terminals of the instrument.



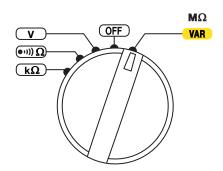
The instrument displays the voltage on the terminals. It detects whether the voltage is AC or DC and, if it is AC, displays its frequency.



In the $\mathbf{M}\Omega$ settings, the \triangle symbol indicates that the voltage is too high (> 25 V) and that insulation measurements are prohibited.

If the voltage is > 15 V, continuity, resistance, and capacitance measurements are prohibited.

2.3. .INSULATION MEASUREMENT

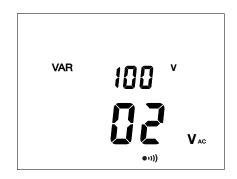


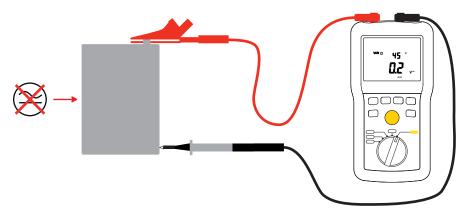
Set the switch to the $M\Omega$ position.

The instrument displays the programmed test voltage.

To modify the test voltage (between 10 et 100 V), press the ▶ key.

When the first digit blinks, you can change it using the ▲ key. Press ▶ to go to the next digit and ▲ to change it. Press ▶ one last time to validate.



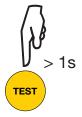


Use the leads to connect the device to be tested to the terminals of the instrument. The device to be tested must not be live.

Pressing the key, during the measurement, changes the secondary display unit to display the current or the elapsed time.

Press the **TEST** button and hold it down until the measurement displayed is stable.

If a voltage greater than 25 V is detected, pressing the **TEST** button has no effect.



The measurement is displayed on the main display unit and on the bargraph.

The secondary display unit indicates the test voltage generated by the instrument.



The A symbol indicates that the instrument is generating a hazardous voltage (> 70 V).

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The measurement results can be thrown off by the impedances of additional circuits connected in parallel or by transient currents.

At the end of the measurement, release the **TEST** button. The instrument stops generating the test voltage and discharges the device being tested. The symbol is displayed until the voltage on the device has fallen below 70 V.

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Do not disconnect the leads and do not start any measurement while the 🖄 symbol is displayed.

When you release the **TEST** button, the measurement results remain displayed (**HOLD**) until the next measurement, or the **HOLD** key is pressed, or the instrument is switched off.

2.3.1. OPERATION OF THE TEST BUTTON

The **TEST** button is pressed to make an insulation measurement. The test voltage is generated for as long as the press is maintained. When the button is released, the measurement stops.

In the lock mode, simply press the **TEST** button once to start the measurement, then press it a second time to stop; there is no need to keep the button pressed. However, if you forget to stop the measurement, it will stop automatically after 15 minutes.

In the timed test mode $(^{\bigcirc})$, simply press the **TEST** button once to start the measurement; it will stop automatically at the end of the programmed time.

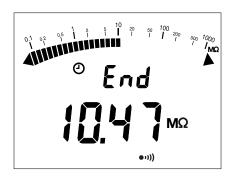
2.3.2. TIMER KEY (2)

This key is active only for insulation measurements.

		This function is used to lock the TEST button so as not to have to keep it pressed during the insulation measurement.
2 nd press	° 200	This function is used to program a test duration between 1 and 39:59 minutes. Use the ▶ and ▲ keys to modify the value displayed. When the time is displayed, press the ▶ key to enter programming mode. When the first digit blinks, you can change it using the ▲ key. Press ▶ to go to the next digit and ▲ to change it. Press ▶ one last time to validate.
3 rd press		Exit from the function.

When the function \mathcal{O} , is programmed, pressing the **TEST** button triggers the count down from the programmed time. When the time has elapsed, the measurement stops and the result is displayed.







Successive presses on the ▲ key display intermediate values.

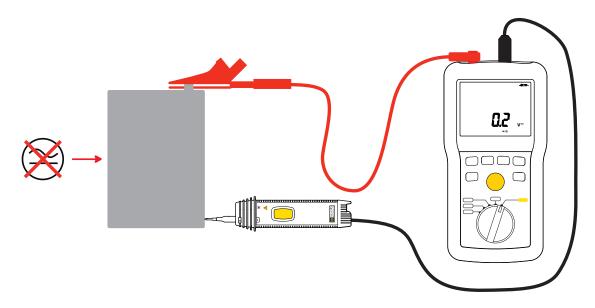
- the programmed time,
- the voltage at the end of the measurement,
- and the current at the end of the measurement.



Press the **TEST** key to return to the voltage measurement.

2.3.3. REMOTE CONTROL PROBE (OPTION)

The remote control probe is used to trigger the measurement using the remoted **TEST** button on the probe. To use this accessory, refer to its operating instructions.

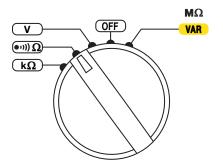


When the probe is connected, the symbol is displayed.

2.4. CONTINUITY MEASUREMENT

The continuity measurement measures a low resistance (< 10 or 100 Ω depending on the current) at a high current (200 or 20 mA).

Set the switch to $\bullet n$) Ω .



Press the ▶ key to choose current measurement.

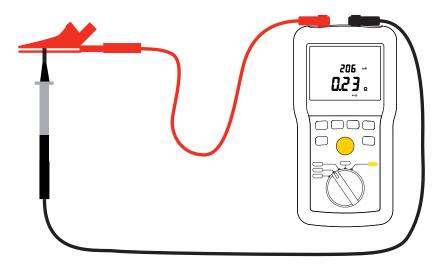


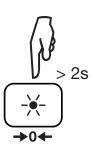
The standard requires that the measurements be made at 200 mA. But a current of 20 mA reduces the consumption of the instrument and so increases its battery life.

2.4.1. COMPENSATION OF THE LEADS

To ensure precise measurements, it is necessary to compensate the resistance of the measurement leads.

Short-circuit the measurement leads and long-press the →0← key.





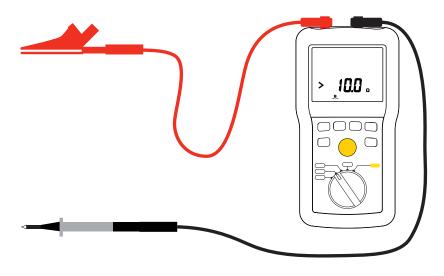
The display changes to zero and the $\rightarrow 0$ \leftarrow symbol is displayed. The resistance of the leads will be systematically subtracted from all continuity measurements. If the resistance of the leads is > 10 Ω , there is no compensation.

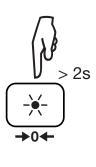
- The compensation remains in memory until the instrument is switched off. The continuity measurement range is reduced by the stored compensation value.
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If the leads are changed with no change of compensation, the display may become negative. The instrument reports that the compensation must be redone by displaying $\rightarrow 0$ \leftarrow blinking.

2.4.2. ELIMINATION OF THE COMPENSATION OF THE LEADS

To eliminate the compensation of the leads, leave the leads open and long-press the →0← key.

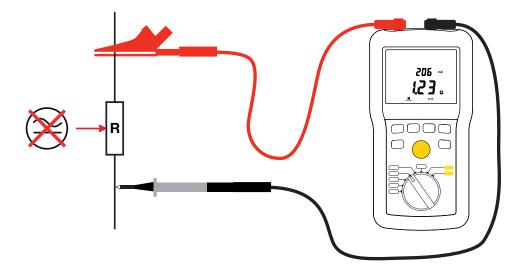


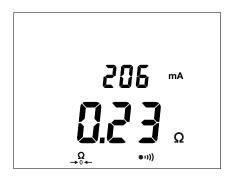


The display indicates the resistance of the leads and the $\rightarrow 0$ \leftarrow symbol goes off.

2.4.3. MAKING A MEASUREMENT

Use the leads to connect the device to be tested to the terminals of the instrument. The device to be tested must not be live.





The instrument makes the measurement directly. It displays the result and the measurement current.

To obtain a continuity value per standard IEC 61557:

- Make a measurement at 200 mA and note its value, R₁.
- Then reverse the leads and note the value R₂.
- Calculate the mean: $R = \frac{R_1 + R_2}{2}$

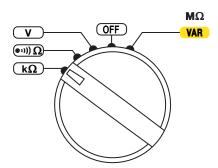
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If an external voltage > 15 V appears during the continuity measurement, the instrument is protected without a fuse. The continuity measurement is stopped and the instrument reports an error until the voltage disappears.

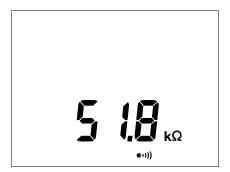
2.5. RESISTANCE MEASUREMENT

The resistance measurement is made with a weak current and can measure resistances up to 1000 k Ω .

Set the switch to $k\Omega$.



As for a continuity measurement, connect the device to be tested to the terminals of the instrument. The device to be tested must not be live (see § 2.4.3).

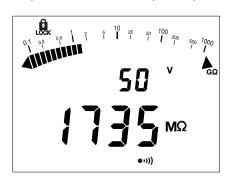


2.6. AREL FUNCTION

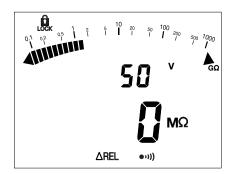
For an insulation or resistance measurement, it is possible to subtract a reference value from the measured value and display the difference.

To do this, make a measurement, then press the $\triangle REL$. The measurement (Rref) is stored and subtracted from the present measurement (Rmeas).

The main display changes to zero and the ΔREL symbol is displayed.







If the measured value is less than the stored value, the display becomes negative.



Pressing the ▶ key displays, in addition, the measured value as a % of the stored value.



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In insulation measurements, only the digital display is modified by the Δ REL. The bargraph continues to display the true measured value.

To exit from the $\triangle REL$ function, it is necessary to press the $\triangle REL$ key again or turn the switch.

2.7. HOLD FUNCTION



Pressing the HOLD key freezes the display of the measurement. This can be done in all functions except voltage in the $M\Omega$ setting.

To unfreeze the display, press the HOLD key again.

It is not possible to effect a **HOLD** in a timed measurement (-).

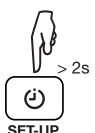
2.8. BACKLIGHTING



Pressing the +key switches on the backlighting of the display unit.

To switch it off, press the key again. Otherwise, it goes off by itself at the end of one minute.

2.9. SET-UP



A long press on the SET-UP key is used to enter the configuration (set-up) function of the instrument.

Then use the \blacktriangle and \blacktriangleright keys to scroll and modify the parameters.

1 st press on ▲		The buzzer is active. To deactivate it, press ▶ to make On blink, ▲ to change it to OFF , then ▶ to validate the change. The •••••) symbol disappears from the display when Set-up is exited.
2 nd press on ▲	₽FF ***	Automatic switching off is activated. To deactivate it, press ▶ to make OFF blink, ▲ to change it to On , then ▶ to validate the change. The symbol appears on the display when Set-up is exited.
3 rd press on ▲	6536	Display of the type of instrument.
4 th press on ▲	5oF u 1.20	Display of the internal software version.
5 th press on ▲	Hrd u 100	Display of the version of the boards.
6 th press on ▲		Return to the first press.

To exit from configuration, short-press the **SET-UP** key.

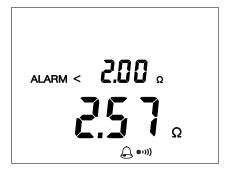
The de-activations of the buzzer and of automatic switching off are lost when the instrument is off.

2.10. ALARM FUNCTION

Pressing the $\widehat{\Box}$ key activates the alarm. The alarm function is available in insulation, resistance, and continuity measurements.



The $\widehat{\Box}$ symbol is displayed, along with the threshold, on the secondary display unit.





While it is displayed, you can change this value using the ▲ key, except during insulation measurements. For each position of the switch, there are 3 pre-recorded threshold values:

- in continuity: $< 2 \Omega$, $< 1 \Omega$ and $< 0.5 \Omega$.
- in resistance: > 50kΩ, > 100kΩ and > 200kΩ.
- in insulation: < 10 kΩ, < 50 kΩ and < 100 kΩ.



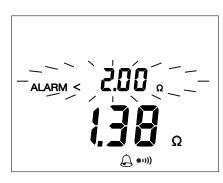
The third threshold can be replaced by a user-programmed value.

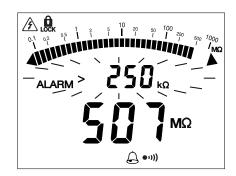
If you want a specific threshold value, press the ▶ key to enter the programming function, while the threshold value is displayed.

The > symbol starts blinking; you can change it to < using the ▲ key. This symbol indicates the direction of the alarm threshold: < for a low threshold and > for a high threshold.

Press the ▶ key again to go to the first digit, then to the decimal point, then to the second digit, etc. down to the unit, and one final time on the ▶ key to validate the programming of the threshold.

When the alarm threshold is crossed, i.e. when the measurement is below the low alarm threshold or above the high alarm threshold, the instrument emits a continuous audible signal and the secondary display unit displays the crossing of the threshold.





In the example above, the user can thus check that their continuity measurement is indeed less than 2 Ω , just by listening, without looking at the display unit. They can check insulation quality in the same way.

The **HOLD** key is also used to stop the buzzer after an alarm threshold is crossed.

A second press on the \bigcirc key deactivates the alarm.

2.11. AUTOMATIC STOP

After 5 minutes of operation with no sign of the user's presence (key press or rotation of the switch), the instrument switches to standby.

Simply press any key to exit from standby. The instrument returns to the state it was in, with no loss information: value of the last measurement, compensation of the leads, ΔRel , timed mode, alarm, etc.

Automatic switching off is disabled during:

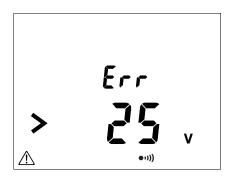
- insulation measurements in lock mode and in timed mode (\mathcal{O}).
- continuity measurements, for as long as measurements are made.

This automatic switching off can be disabled (see § 2.9).

2.12. ERRORS

While the instrument is in operation, errors may be reported. The causes of any errors must be eliminated before the instrument can be used again.

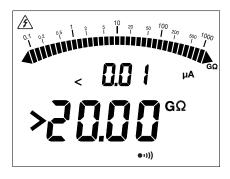
2.12.1. PRESENCE OF A VOLTAGE BEFORE AN INSULATION MEASUREMENT



Before the insulation measurement, the instrument is in voltage measurement mode. If there is a voltage on the terminals in excess of 25 V and you try even so to make a measurement, the instrument reports the situation.

Eliminate the voltage and resume the measurement.

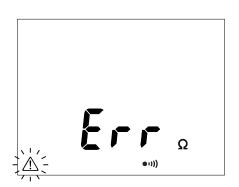
2.12.2. OVERSHOOT OF RANGE DURING AN INSULATION MEASUREMENT



If, during an insulation measurement, the value to be measured exceeds the measurement range (which depends on the test voltage), the instrument so reports.

With a 100-V test voltage, the screen is as shown opposite.

2.12.3. PRESENCE OF A VOLTAGE DURING A CONTINUITY OR RESISTANCE



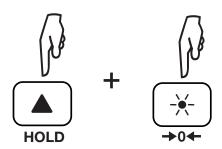
If, during a continuity or resistance measurement, the instrument detects an external voltage in excess of 15 V (AC or DC), it interrupts the measurement and displays the screen shown opposite.

You must eliminate the voltage to be able to resume the measurement.

2.13. RESETTING THE INSTRUMENT

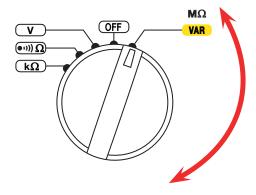
If your instrument crashes, it can be reset like a PC.

Press the ▲ and — keys simultaneously.



The instrument reboots.

Then turn the switch.



3. TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

3.1. GENERAL REFERENCE CONDITIONS

Quantity of influence	Reference values
Temperature	23 ± 3 °C
Relative humidity	45 to 55% RH
Frequency	DC and 45 to 65 Hz
Supply voltage	8 ± 0.2V battery life indication 58 ± 8%
Electric field	0V/m
Magnetic field	< 40A/m

The intrinsic uncertainty is the error specified for the reference conditions.

The operating uncertainty includes the intrinsic uncertainty plus variations of the quantities of influence (position, supply voltage, temperature, etc.) as defined in standard IEC-61557.

The uncertainties are expressed in % of the reading (R) and in number of display points (ct): \pm (a %R + b ct)

3.2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

3.2.1. VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS

Particular reference conditions

Peak factor = 1.414 in AC, sinusoidal signal

Specified measurement range	0.3 - 399.9V	400 - 700V
Resolution	0.1V	1V
Intrinsic uncertainty	± (3% + 2 ct)	
Input impedance	400kΩ	

3.2.2. INSULATION MEASUREMENT

Particular reference conditions

Capacitance in parallel on resistance: null

Measurement range

Test voltage (U _N)	R	
10 V - 100 V	$(U_N/5) k\Omega - (U_N/5) G\Omega$	

Intrinsic uncertainty

Test voltage (U _N)	10 15V					
Specified measurement range	2 - 999 kΩ	1.000 - 3.999 MΩ	4.00 - 39.99 MΩ	40.0 - 399.9 MΩ	400 - 3999 MΩ	4.00 - 20.00 GΩ
Resolution	1 kΩ	1 kΩ	10 kΩ	100 kΩ	1 ΜΩ	10 ΜΩ
Intrinsic uncertainty	± (6% + 10 ct)	± (3% + 2 ct)	± (3% + 2 ct)	± (3% + 2	ct + (10%/U _N) pe	er 100 MΩ)

Test voltage (U _N)	15 100V				
Specified measurement range	2 - 999 kΩ et 1.000 - 3.999 MΩ	4.00 - 39.99 MΩ	40.0 - 399.9 MΩ	400 - 3999 MΩ	4.00 - 20.00 GΩ
Resolution	1 kΩ	10 kΩ	100 kΩ	1 ΜΩ	10 ΜΩ
Intrinsic uncertainty	± (3% + 2 ct)		± (3% + 2 ct + (10%/U _N) per 100 MΩ)		

With a test voltage \geq 50 V and an insulation resistance \leq 2 G Ω , the intrinsic uncertainty is \pm (3% + 2 ct).

Bargraph

Specified measurement range	0,1 ΜΩ - 50 GΩ *
Resolution	9 segments per decade
Intrinsic uncertainty	± (5% + 1 segment)

^{**:} When the measurement range is exceeded, the whole bargraph is displayed.

Test voltage

With a test current < 1mA, the intrinsic uncertainty on U_N is ± 0 ,5V.

Specified measurement range	0.0 - 100.0 V
Resolution	0,1 V
Intrinsic uncertainty	± (3% + 3 ct)

Typical discharge time after test

To go from U_N to 25 V, the discharge time is < 2s/ μF

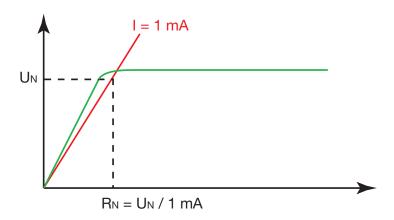
Test current

Maximum test current: 2mA +0% -50%

Specified measurement range	0.01 - 39.99 μA	40.0 - 399.9 μA	0.400 - 2.000 mA
Resolution	10 nA	100 nA	1 μΑ
Intrinsic uncertainty	± (10% + 3 ct)		

Typical test voltage vs load curve

The voltage as a function of the measured resistance takes the following form:



The range of operation per IEC 61557 is from $100k\Omega$ to 2 $G\Omega$ (see § 3.4).

The maximum capacitance between the terminals is 12 μF .

3.2.3. CONTINUITY MEASUREMENTS

Particular reference conditions

Inductance in series with the resistance: zero.

Specified measurement range (without compensation of the leads)	0.00 * - 10.00 Ω	0.0 * - 100.0 Ω	
Resolution	10 mΩ 100 mΩ		
Intrinsic uncertainty	± (2% + 2 ct)		
Test current	200 mA	20 mA	
No-load voltage	≥ 6 V		

^{*:} In the case of incorrect compensation of the leads, the instrument allows display of negative values, down to -0.05 Ω at 200 A and -0.5 Ω at 20 mA.

Test current

200 mA range: 200mA (-0mA + 20mA)

20 mA range: 20mA ± 5mA

Specified measurement range	0 - 250 mA
Resolution	1 mA
Intrinsic uncertainty	± (2 % + 2 ct)

Compensation of the leads: $0 \text{ to } 9.99 \Omega$.

3.2.4. RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

Specified measurement range	0 - 3999 Ω	4.00 - 39.99 kΩ	40.0 - 399.9 kΩ	400 - 1000 kΩ
Resolution	1 Ω	10 Ω	100 Ω	1 kΩ
Intrinsic uncertainty	± (3% + 2 ct)			
No-load voltage	approximately 4,5 V			

3.2.5. TIMER

Specified measurement range	0:00 - 39:59
Resolution	1 s
Intrinsic uncertainty	± 1%

3.3. VARIATION IN THE RANGE OF USE

3.3.1. VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT

Quantities of influence	Range of influence	Quantity influenced	Influence	
			Typical	Maximum
Temperature	-20 to + 55 °C	V, F		0.3%/10 °C + 1 ct
Relative humidity	20 to 80% RH	V, F		1% + 2 ct
Frequency	15.3 to 800Hz	V	1%	2% + 1 ct
Supply voltage	6.6 to 9.6V	V, F		0.1% + 2 ct
Common mode rejection in AC 50/60 Hz	0 to 600Vac	V	50dB	40dB

3.3.2. INSULATION MEASUREMENT

O	Range of influence	Quantity influenced	Influence		
Quantities of influence			Typical	Maximum	
Temperature	-20 to + 55 °C	$M\Omega$ $R ≤ 3G\Omega$ $3GΩ < R < 10GΩ$ $10GΩ ≤ R$	1%/10°C + 1pt	2%/10 °C + 2 ct 3%/10 °C + 2 ct 4%/10 °C + 2 ct	
		U _N : 10 to 100V		0.5%/10 °C + 1 ct	
		Measurement current	1%/10 °C + 1 ct	2%/10 °C + 2 ct	
		ΜΩ	2% + 1 ct	3% + 2 ct	
Relative humidity	20 to 80% RH	U _N : 10 to 100V		1% + 2 ct	
		Measurement current		1% + 2 ct	
Supply voltage	6.6 to 9.6V	ΜΩ		0.1% + 2 ct	
50/60Hz AC voltage superposed on the test voltage (U _N)		$U_N = 10V$ R ≤ 0.1GΩ: 10V from 0.1GΩ to 0.3GΩ: 0.2V $U_N = 25V$ R ≤ 0.1GΩ : 10V from 0.1GΩ to 0.5GΩ : 0.2V $U_N = 50V$ R ≤ 0.1GΩ: 4V from 0.1GΩ to 1GΩ : 0.2V $U_N = 100V$ from 100kΩ to 10MΩ : 20V from 10MΩ to 1 GΩ : 0.3V		- 5% + 2 ct	
Capacitance in parallel on resistance to be measured	0 to 5μF at 1mA	ΜΩ		1% + 1 ct	
	0 to 2μF	U_N = 10V and 25V from 10kΩ to 1 GΩ	2% + 1 ct	3% + 2 ct	
		U_N = 50V and 100V from 10kΩ to 3 GΩ	6% + 2 ct	10% + 2 ct	
	0 to 1μF	$U_N = 50V, \le 5G\Omega$	6% + 2 ct	10% + 2 ct	
Common mode rejection in AC 50/60 Hz	0 to 600VAC	V	50dB	40dB	

3.3.3. RESISTANCE AND CONTINUITY MEASUREMENT

Overetti e e finflesse	Range of influence	Quantity influenced	Influence	
Quantities of influence			Typical	Maximum
		at 200mA		2%/10 °C + 2 ct
Temperature	-20 to + 55 °C	at 20mA		2%/10 °C + 2 ct
		R		1%/10 °C + 2 ct
	20 to 80% RH	at 200mA		4% + 2 ct
Relative humidity		at 20mA		4% + 2 ct
		R		3% + 2 ct
Supply voltage	6.6 to 9.6V	at 200mA at 20mA R		0.1% + 2 ct
50/60Hz AC voltage superposed on the test voltage	0.5VAC	at 200mA		
	For R ≥ 10 Ω: 0.4Vac	at 20mA		5% + 10 ct
	Accepts no perturbations	R		

Quantities of influence	Range of influence	Quantity influenced	Influence	
Quantities of influence			Typical	Maximum
Common mode rejection in AC 50/60 Hz	0 to 600Vac	at 200mA at 20mA R	50dB	40dB

3.4. INTRINSIC UNCERTAINTY AND OPERATING UNCERTAINTY

The megohmmeters comply with standard IEC-61557, which requires that the operating uncertainty, called B, be less than 30%.

■ In insulation measurements, B = \pm (|A| + 1.15 $\sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$)

with A = intrinsic uncertainty

 E_{\star} = influence of the reference position $\pm 90^{\circ}$.

 $E_{2}^{'}$ = influence of the supply voltage within the limits indicated by the manufacturer.

 E_3 = influence of the temperature between 0 and 35°C.

■ In continuity measurement, B = ± (|A| + 1.15 $\sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$)

3.5. POWER SUPPLY

The instrument is powered by six 1.5 V alkaline AA (LR6) batteries.

The voltage range ensuring correct operation is from 6.6 V to 9.6 V.

Life between charges

• 6,000 5-second insulation measurements at a test voltage $U_N = 100V$ and $R = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$, at the rate of one measurement per minute.

3,000 5-second continuity measurements, at the rate of one measurement per minute.

3.6. ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Indoor use.

Range of operation specified -20 to +55 °C and 20 to 80 %RH

Range of storage (without the batteries) -30 to +80 °C and 10 to 90 %RH without condensation

Altitude <2000m Degree of pollution 2

3.7. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Dimensions (L x W x H) 211 x 108 x 60mm Weight approximately 850g

Inrush protection IP 54 per IEC 60529, not in operation

IK 04 per IEC 62262

Drop test per IEC/EN 61010-2-034

3.8. COMPLIANCE WITH INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS

The device is compliant per IEC/EN 61010-2-034, 600V CAT IV.

The device is compliant per IEC 61557, parts 1, 2, 4 and 10.

In insulation measurement (part 2 of the standard), the instrument does not deliver a test voltage between 0 and 20 % of the rated voltage as required in the standard, but rather \pm 0.5 V.

3.9. ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (CEM)

The instrument is compliant with standard IEC/EN 61326-1.

4. MAINTENANCE



Except for the batteries, the instrument contains no parts that can be replaced by personnel who have not been specially trained and accredited. Any unauthorized repair or replacement of a part by an "equivalent" may gravely impair safety

4.1. CLEANING

Disconnect the unit completely and turn the rotary switch to OFF.

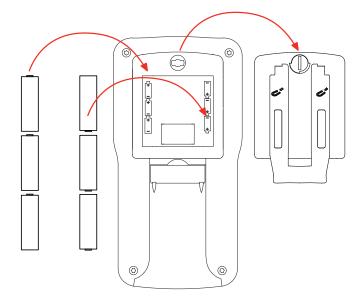
Use a soft cloth, dampened with soapy water. Rinse with a damp cloth and dry rapidly with a dry cloth or forced air. Do not use alcohol, solvents, or hydrocarbons.

Do not use the instrument again until it is completely dry.

4.2. REPLACING THE BATTERIES

When the **t** symbol starts blinking on the display unit, the batteries must all be replaced.

- Disconnect the unit completely and turn the rotary switch to OFF.
- Use a tool or a coin to turn the quarter-turn screw of the battery compartment cover.
- Remove the battery compartment cover.
- Withdraw the batteries from the compartment.





Spent primary and storage batteries must not be treated as ordinary household waste. Take them to the appropriate collection point for recycling.

- Place the new batteries in the compartment, taking care with the polarity.
- Put the battery compartment cover in place and screw the quarter-turn screw back in.

5. WARRANTY

Except as otherwise stated, our warranty is valid for **24 months** starting from the date on which the equipment was sold. The extract from our General Conditions of Sale is available on our website. www.group.chauvin-arnoux.com/en/general-terms-of-sale

The warranty does not apply in the following cases:

- Inappropriate use of the equipment or use with incompatible equipment;
- Modifications made to the equipment without the explicit permission of the manufacturer's technical staff;
- Work done on the device by a person not approved by the manufacturer;
- Adaptation to a particular application not anticipated in the definition of the equipment or not indicated in the user's manual;
- Damage caused by shocks, falls, or floods.







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